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The introduction of new mass mediums have traditionally enhanced audiovisual sensory perception amongst networks of people via analog and digital circuitry. Knowledge today is transported by the senders and receivers of the cosmic spectrum on frequencies of different wavelengths. Inventors such as Tesla, Edison, Marconi, Deforest, Fessenden, Morita, and Berners Lee all would share common descendents of their speculation and technical exploration; Radio, television, international calling, fiber optic cabling, and the mobile internet have come to exist in competitive and collateral relationships with each new rendition of a medium that has become accessible worldwide. Some share a percentage of specific audiences, and others immerse global crowds that prior mediums just do not have the technical advantage to capture. All forms of mass media have included new opportunities for advertising media buyers to expand their client's reach. Additional message sharing between mass mediums has increased the rate of false novel emotional events being created and spread by humans. Pranks, exaggerations, confusions, political stabs, and theocratic beliefs have been amplified by the adoption of revolutionized mediums. The evolution of mass media altogether changed the way people developed meaningful artificial intelligence within and in between businesses and governments. In as recent as 2018, neural networked AI were introduced as managers of other explanatory and biased dataset resultant machines. These resultant machines were processing real inspections of stocks/bonds for sectors of the economy and transacting shares based on database inscribed

analytical research. Humans have developed mass communication amongst algorithm running resultants to produce bots that can invest wisely, gathering and processing information faster than a broker making and presenting Excel charts as his guide to buying and selling. This is possible using multiple AI managers existing on host terminals in virtual servers, all monitoring communication between multiple resultants reading and searching different databases for relevant information. Supposedly, removing bias in virtual servers that would render the resultants neither absolute or utterly inconsistent in their portfolios balances the model of the resultant itself before it is released to the public. These developments show how learning machines monitoring algorithms in development can change the way other “machines” operate in hierarchical formats when using big datasets to make predictions and obtain results or changes and explanations for machine behavior. It’s similar to how the US government considers and votes on think tanks’ plans of action for development. Some skeptics do see a new form of technological righteousness that is arising from augmenting and re-engineering their fellow bots “mining” away at data for the man behind the output. They will be the leading management of computations testing parameters and rulesets implemented by human programmers. In the next twenty years, there may be sectors of the developed world that are completely immersed daily in using management machines that suggest upsampling, downsampling and counterfactual explanations written to help AI account and predict outcomes for extremely fluid or concise datasets, like soil content recyclability or heat resistance over time for a solar panel on the International Space Station. Access to mass media will inevitably help us communicate these answers.